

# HOSPITAL SULTAN ABDUL AZIZ SHAH UNIVERSITI PUTRA MALAYSIA Document Code: HSAAS/UKPR/BR69

**ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS AND ACTION REPORT - RCA2 FORM** 

## PLEASE ATTACH THE IR 2.0 FORM THAT CORRELATES WITH THE INCIDENT AS THE FIRST PAGE

1.	HOSPITAL NAME	:		
2.	PATIENT'S MRN/ IDENTIFICATION NUMBER	:		
3.	INCIDENT TYPE	: _		
4.	INVESTIGATION TEAM	: _		
	Name		Designation	
Tea	m Leader/ Coordinator			
Tea	m Members			
Repo	orted by:			
Name	e:			
Desig	gnation/ Stamp:			
Date	:			
Verif	ied by:			
Name	e:			
Desig	gnation/ Stamp:			
Date	:			

SUMMARY OF THE INCIDENT:				

Please state only the important information/events/steps that lead to the incident:

Date	Time (24 h)	Location	Event description	Key person involved (initial) & designation	Comments- please add in what went wrong in every sequence

## 7. FISH BONE DIAGRAM (REFER TO LONDON PROTOCOL FOR CATEGORISATION)

	& ORGANISATIONAL ACTORS 1.	TEAM FACTORS	TASK & TECHNOLOGY FACTORS  1.	
				INCIDENT/ ISSUE
EXTERNAL FACTORS	WORK/CARE ENVIROMENT FACTO	RS INDIVIDUAL STAFF FA	CTORS PATIENT FACTORS	<u>i</u>
1.	1.	1.	1.	

## 8. CONTRIBUTING FACTORS:

Please choose and tick at the relevant box the relevant contributing factors that lead to the incident & describe the factors (Can be more than one factor).

FACTORS THAT LEAD TO THE INCIDENT						
TACTORS THAT LEAD TO THE INCIDENT						
	TEAM FACTOR	Written communication issue  Verbal communication issue  Unclear roles and responsibility				
1.		Lack of supervision/ monitoring Ineffective leadership & responsibility Problem in seeking help Staff or colleague response/ support to help Others (specify) Description:				
2.	INDIVIDUAL STAFF FACTOR	Lack of knowledge/experience/ skill  Distraction Fatigue/ stress Lapse of concentration Non-compliance to protocol/ policy/ SOP Personal issue Unsafe behaviour – assuming, not asking clarification etc Interpersonal issue Others (specify):  Description:				
3.	PATIENT FACTOR	Miscommunication between patient and staff  Language barrier  Non-compliance patient  Social issue  Patient-staff relationship issue  Patient-patient relationship issue  Complexity of clinical condition  Pre-existing comorbid  Known risk associated with treatment  Others (specify):  Description:				

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4.	TASK & TECHNOLOGY FACTOR	Availability and use of protocols/ S.O.P/ guidelines  Availability and accuracy of health information  Task design issue  Information technology (e.g. malfunction, system design)  Decision making aids  Medication related issue (e.g. wrong prescription, similar packaging/ sounding names, complicated dosage design)  Radiotherapy related issue (e.g. miscalculation of dose)  Others (specify):  Description:
5.	MANAGEMENT & ORGANIZATIONAL FACTOR	Leadership and governance issue Organizational structure issue Objectives, policies and standard issue Resources constraints (human/ financial) Inadequate safety culture/ lack priorities in safety Others (specify): Description:
6.	WORK & ENVIRONMENTAL FACTOR	Building & design related issues Physical environment issue (temperature, lighting, wet floor, holes, storage, housekeeping) Noisy, busy surrounding Malfunction/ failure of equipment/ maintenance of equipment, functionality, design Cluttered surrounding Unsafe surrounding Inappropriate allocation of staff (i.e. not according to workload/ specialty) Heavy workload, inadequate break Service delivery- delay, missed, inappropriate Others (specify): Description:
7.	EXTERNAL FACTOR	Please specify:

List out the most important contributing factors/ root cause (s) that lead to the in	cident.
actor 1	
Factor 2	
Factor 3	
. *Root Cause (s):	
f the root cause(s) can be identified	

## 11. ACTION PLAN TABLE

Based on the contributing factors/root cause (s) listed above, identify the most effective action plan. The action plan should have at least 1 strong/intermediate action plan. "Weak" action can be implemented to support other action or while waiting for "stronger" or "intermediate" action to be implemented.

No.	Contributing factors/ Root causes	Description of Action Plan	Action Hierarchy (Strong/ intermediate/ weak)	Person responsible (Name & designation)	Evidence of completion/ Progress	Expected completion date
E.g. 1	Slippery floor in the toilet– lead to patient fall	To use non slippery floor on every toilet	Strong	Dr. Abdullah (Hospital Deputy Director)	Project completed	1.6.18
E.g. 2	Similar 'look alike' ampules of atropine and adrenaline which were stored next to each other in the emergency trolley–causing the nurse to mistakenly pick up the wrong ampules	To store adrenaline and atropine ampules far from each other in the emergency trolley and to label them using TALL man lettering	Intermediate	Pn. Hasnita (Head of Pharmacy Department)	Storage for adrenaline and atropine had been adjusted (far from each other and labelled them using TALL man lettering) in all emergency trolley	7.2.18
E.g. 3	The absence of designated staff to check the storage of LASA medication	To assign 1 specific staff in every wards to check proper storage of LASA medication every week	Intermediate	Matron Julia (Head of Matron)	Name list of designated staff	1.3.18
E.g. 4	Lack of knowledge among staff on proper warming methods and monitoring of hypothermia intraoperatively leads to 1% deep dermal burn over the right shoulder of the patient	To train and educate OT staff on proper warming methods and monitoring of hypothermia – via CME	Weak	Matron Leong (Operation Theatre Matron)	-Training module -Attendance list of participants	1.2.18 (General OT staff) 15.2.18 (Maternity OT staff) 1.3.18 (Trauma & emergency OT staff)

TARIKH KEMASKINI : 30/08/2023 7 drp. 7